# AKT1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No.: A17909 Recombinant 70 Publications



### **Basic Information**

#### **Observed MW**

60kDa

#### **Calculated MW**

56kDa

### Category

Primary antibody

# **Applications**

ELISA, WB, IHC-P, IP

#### **Cross-Reactivity**

Human, Mouse, Rat

#### CloneNo number

ARC51582

### **Recommended Dilutions**

**WB** 1:1000 - 1:5000

**IHC-P** 1:50 - 1:200

IP 0.5μg-4μg antibody for 200μg-400μg extracts of

whole cells

# **Background**

This gene encodes one of the three members of the human AKT serine-threonine protein kinase family which are often referred to as protein kinase B alpha, beta, and gamma. These highly similar AKT proteins all have an N-terminal pleckstrin homology domain, a serine/threonine-specific kinase domain and a C-terminal regulatory domain. These proteins are phosphorylated by phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K). AKT/PI3K forms a key component of many signalling pathways that involve the binding of membrane-bound ligands such as receptor tyrosine kinases, G-protein coupled receptors, and integrin-linked kinase. These AKT proteins therefore regulate a wide variety of cellular functions including cell proliferation, survival, metabolism, and angiogenesis in both normal and malignant cells. AKT proteins are recruited to the cell membrane by phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3) after phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) by PI3K. Subsequent phosphorylation of both threonine residue 308 and serine residue 473 is required for full activation of the AKT1 protein encoded by this gene. Phosphorylation of additional residues also occurs, for example, in response to insulin growth factor-1 and epidermal growth factor. Protein phosphatases act as negative regulators of AKT proteins by dephosphorylating AKT or PIP3. The PI3K/AKT signalling pathway is crucial for tumor cell survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating AKT1 which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. AKT proteins also participate in the mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) signalling pathway which controls the assembly of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4F (eIF4E) complex and this pathway, in addition to responding to extracellular signals from growth factors and cytokines, is disregulated in many cancers. Mutations in this gene are associated with multiple types of cancer and excessive tissue growth including Proteus syndrome and Cowden syndrome 6, and breast, colorectal, and ovarian cancers. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

### **Immunogen Information**

Gene ID Swiss Prot 207 P31749

#### **Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence within amino acids 381-480 of human AKT1 (P31749).

### **Synonyms**

AKT; PKB; RAC; PRKBA; PKB-ALPHA; RAC-ALPHA; AKT1

### **Contact**

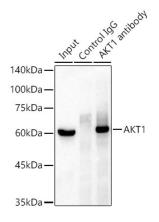
6		400-999-6126
$\bowtie$		cn.market@abclonal.com.cn
<u> </u>	ī	www.ahclonal.com.cn

#### **Product Information**

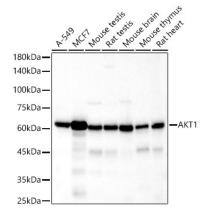
SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.05% proclin300,0.05% BSA,50% glycerol,pH7.3.



Immunoprecipitation analysis of 300  $\mu g$  extracts from MCF7 cells using 3  $\mu g$  AKT1 Rabbit mAb (A17909). Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using AKT1 Rabbit mAb (A17909) at a dilution of 1:1000.

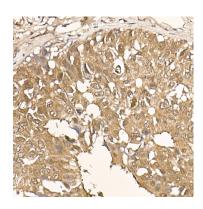


Western blot analysis of various lysates, using AKT1 Rabbit mAb (A17909) at 1:2000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit  $\lg G$  (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

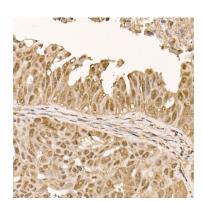
Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

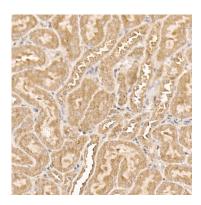
Exposure time: 25s.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of AKT1 in paraffin-embedded human breast cancer using AKT1 Rabbit mAb (A17909) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol

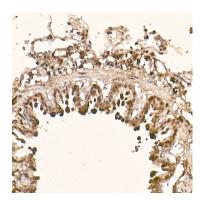


Immunohistochemistry analysis of AKT1 in paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma using AKT1 Rabbit mAb (A17909) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of AKT1 in paraffin-embedded mouse kidney using AKT1 Rabbit mAb (A17909) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

# **Validation Data**



Immunohistochemistry analysis of AKT1 in paraffin-embedded rat lung using AKT1 Rabbit mAb (A17909) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.