Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No.: AP0637 Recombinant 70 Publications



Basic Information

Observed MW

60kDa

Calculated MW

56kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

ELISA, WB, IHC-P

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

CloneNo number

ARC0169

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

IHC-P 1:50 - 1:200

Background

This gene encodes one of the three members of the human AKT serine-threonine protein kinase family which are often referred to as protein kinase B alpha, beta, and gamma. These highly similar AKT proteins all have an N-terminal pleckstrin homology domain, a serine/threonine-specific kinase domain and a C-terminal regulatory domain. These proteins are phosphorylated by phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K). AKT/PI3K forms a key component of many signalling pathways that involve the binding of membrane-bound ligands such as receptor tyrosine kinases, G-protein coupled receptors, and integrin-linked kinase. These AKT proteins therefore regulate a wide variety of cellular functions including cell proliferation, survival, metabolism, and angiogenesis in both normal and malignant cells. AKT proteins are recruited to the cell membrane by phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3) after phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) by PI3K. Subsequent phosphorylation of both threonine residue 308 and serine residue 473 is required for full activation of the AKT1 protein encoded by this gene. Phosphorylation of additional residues also occurs, for example, in response to insulin growth factor-1 and epidermal growth factor. Protein phosphatases act as negative regulators of AKT proteins by dephosphorylating AKT or PIP3. The PI3K/AKT signalling pathway is crucial for tumor cell survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating AKT1 which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. AKT proteins also participate in the mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) signalling pathway which controls the assembly of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4F (eIF4E) complex and this pathway, in addition to responding to extracellular signals from growth factors and cytokines, is disregulated in many cancers. Mutations in this gene are associated with multiple types of cancer and excessive tissue growth including Proteus syndrome and Cowden syndrome 6, and breast, colorectal, and ovarian cancers. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID207
Swiss Prot
P31749

Immunogen

A synthetic phosphorylated peptide around S473 of human Akt1 (P31749).

Synonyms

AKT; PKB; RAC; PRKBA; PKB-ALPHA; RAC-ALPHA; Phospho-AKT1-S473

Contact

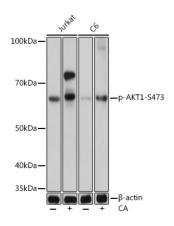
<u>a</u>		400-999-6126
\bowtie		cn.market@abclonal.com.cn
\odot	Т	www.abclonal.com.cn

Product Information

SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,0.05% BSA,50% glycerol,pH7.3.



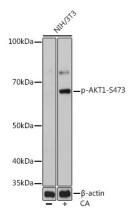
Western blot analysis of various lysates using Phospho-AKT1-S473 mAb (AP0637) at 1:1000 dilution.Both Jurkat cells and C6 cells were treated by Calyculin A (100 nM) at 37° C for 30 minutes. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 1s.



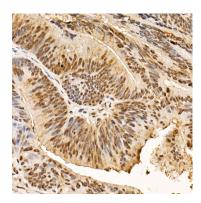
Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cells, using Phospho-AKT1-S473 mAb (AP0637) at 1:1000 dilution.NIH/3T3 cells were treated by Calyculin A (100 nM) at 37° C for 30 minutes. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

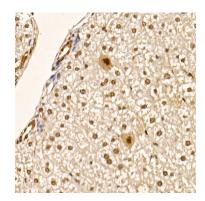
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

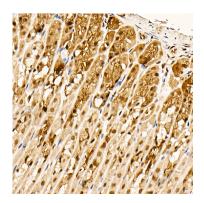
Exposure time: 10s.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of Phospho-AKT1-S473 in paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb (AP0637) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

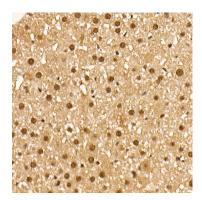


Immunohistochemistry analysis of Phospho-AKT1-S473 in paraffin-embedded mouse liver using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb (AP0637) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of Phospho-AKT1-S473 in paraffin-embedded mouse stomach using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb (AP0637) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Validation Data



Immunohistochemistry analysis of Phospho-AKT1-S473 in paraffin-embedded rat liver using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb (AP0637) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.