

[KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A0207 **KO Validated** **248 Publications**

Basic Information

Observed MW

21kDa

Calculated MW

21kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

ELISA, WB, IHC-P, IF/ICC, IP

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

Background

BAX (also known as BCL2 Associated X, Bcl-2-Like Protein 4, Bcl2-L-4, BCL2L4) is a member of the BCL2 family of proteins that play a key role in the regulation of apoptosis in higher eukaryotes (<https://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/Q07812>). BAX comprises 4 Bcl-2 homology domains (BH1-BH4) and a C-terminal transmembrane domain. In healthy mammalian cells, BAX is localized to the cytoplasm through its interaction with the anti-apoptotic BL-2 family members BCL2L1/Bcl-xL. In response to apoptotic stimuli, however, BAX undergoes a conformational change that causes it to translocate to the outer mitochondrial membrane where it initiates the mitochondrial pathway of apoptosis via two potential mechanisms. Firstly, upon translocation to the outer mitochondrial membrane, BAX interacts with the mitochondrial voltage-dependent anion channel (VDAC) leading to the opening of the channel, loss of membrane potential, and the release of cytochrome c from the mitochondrion. The release of cytochrome C into the cytoplasm leads to the activation of Caspase3, initiating apoptosis. Secondly, activated BAX forms homodimers, which then assemble into oligomers on the mitochondrial outer membrane to create pores that permeabilize the mitochondrion leading to the release of cytochrome C. BAX has been shown to be involved in p53-mediated apoptosis. Expression of the human bax gene has been shown to be directly regulated by p53, and the bax promoter contains four motifs with homology to consensus p53-binding sites. Furthermore, p53 directly interacts with BAX to promote its activation.

Recommended Dilutions

WB	1:500 - 1:1000
IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
IF/ICC	1:50 - 1:200
IP	0.5ug-4ug antibody for 200ug-400ug extracts of whole cells

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

581

Swiss Prot

Q07812

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence within amino acids 1-100 of human Bax (NP_620116.1).

Synonyms

BCL2 Associated X; Bcl-2-Like Protein 4; Bcl2-L-4; BCL2L4; BAX

Contact

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Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

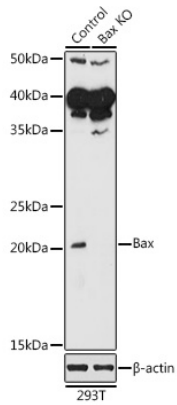
Affinity purification

Storage

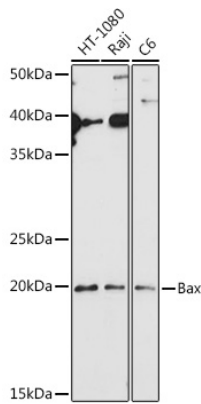
Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thimerosal, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

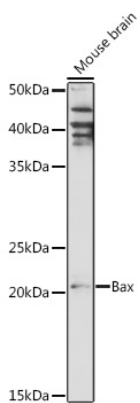
Validation Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from wild type (WT) and Bax knockout (KO) 293T cells, using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at 1:1000 dilution.
Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 10s.

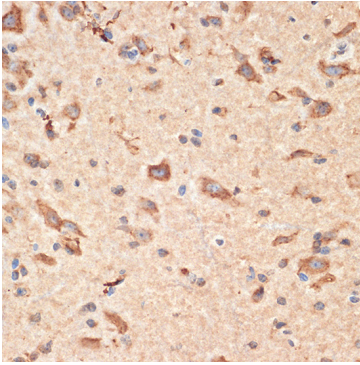


Western blot analysis of various lysates using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at 1:1000 dilution.
Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 180s.

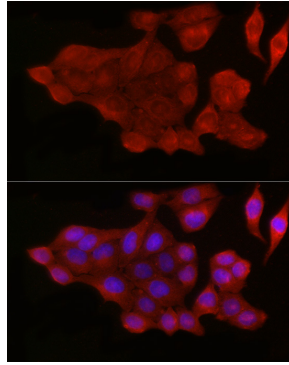


Western blot analysis of lysates from Mouse brain, using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at 1:1000 dilution.
Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 180s.

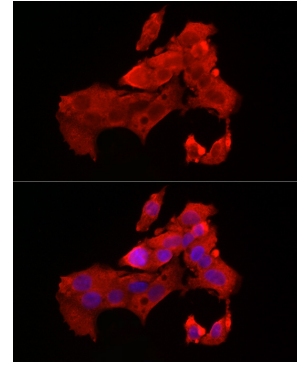
Validation Data



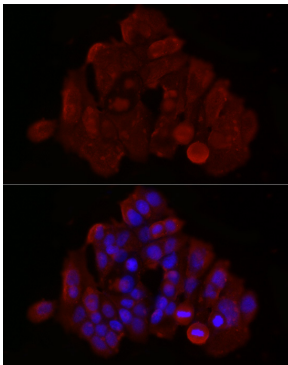
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse spinal cord using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform microwave antigen retrieval with 10 mM Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



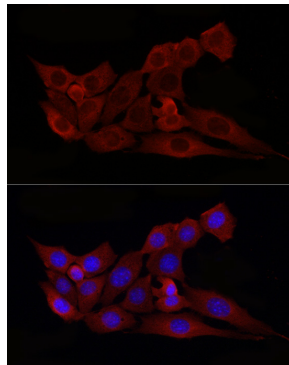
Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



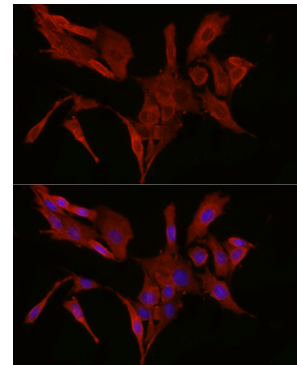
Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF7 cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of PC-12 cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.