

[KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A0207

KO Validated

305 Publications

Basic Information

Observed MW

21 kDa

Calculated MW

21 kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB, IHC-P, IF/ICC, IP, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

Background

BAX (also known as BCL2 Associated X, Bcl-2-Like Protein 4, Bcl2-L-4, BCL2L4) is a member of the BCL2 family of proteins that play a key role in the regulation of apoptosis in higher eukaryotes (<https://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/Q07812>). BAX comprises 4 Bcl-2 homology domains (BH1-BH4) and a C-terminal transmembrane domain. In healthy mammalian cells, BAX is localized to the cytoplasm through its interaction with the anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 family members BCL2L1/Bcl-xL. In response to apoptotic stimuli, however, BAX undergoes a conformational change that causes it to translocate to the outer mitochondrial membrane where it initiates the mitochondrial pathway of apoptosis via two potential mechanisms. Firstly, upon translocation to the outer mitochondrial membrane, BAX interacts with the mitochondrial voltage-dependent anion channel (VDAC) leading to the opening of the channel, loss of membrane potential, and the release of cytochrome c from the mitochondrion. The release of cytochrome C into the cytoplasm leads to the activation of Caspase3, initiating apoptosis. Secondly, activated BAX forms homodimers, which then assemble into oligomers on the mitochondrial outer membrane to create pores that permeabilize the mitochondrion leading to the release of cytochrome C. BAX has been shown to be involved in p53-mediated apoptosis. Expression of the human bax gene has been shown to be directly regulated by p53, and the bax promoter contains four motifs with homology to consensus p53-binding sites. Furthermore, p53 directly interacts with BAX to promote its activation.

Recommended Dilutions

WB	1:2000 - 1:5000
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IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
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IF/ICC	1:50 - 1:200
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IP	0.5ug-4ug antibody for 200ug-400ug extracts of whole cells
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ELISA	Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.
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Immunogen Information

Gene ID

581

Swiss Prot

Q07812

Immunogen

Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

BCL2 Associated X; Bcl-2-Like Protein 4; Bcl2-L-4; BCL2L4; BAX

Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.09% Sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

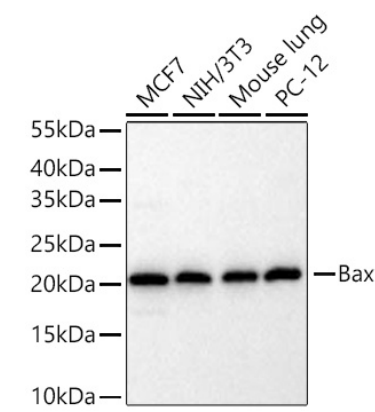
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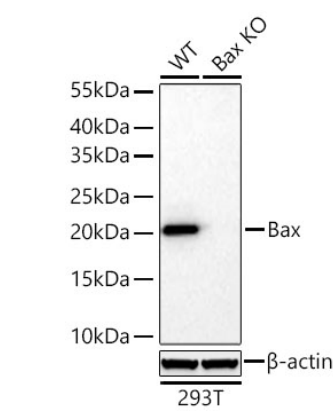
		cn.market@abclonal.com.cn
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		www.abclonal.com.cn
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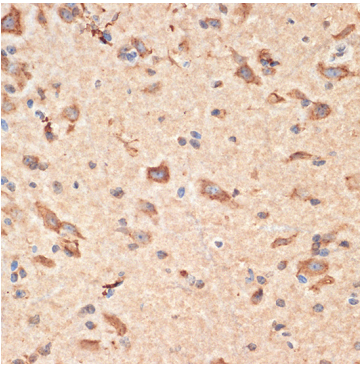
Validation Data



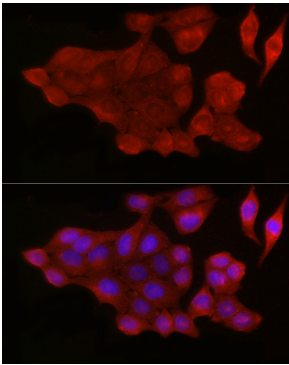
Western blot analysis of various lysates using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at 1:3000 dilution incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 5 s.



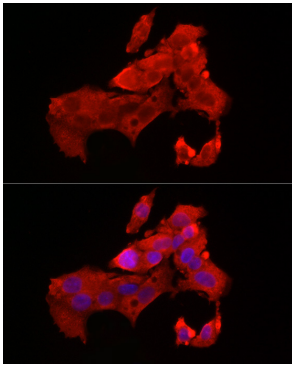
Western blot analysis of lysates from wild type (WT) and Bax knockout (KO) 293T cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at 1:3000 dilution incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 5 s.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse spinal cord using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Microwave antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Tris/EDTA Buffer (pH 9.0) prior to IHC staining.

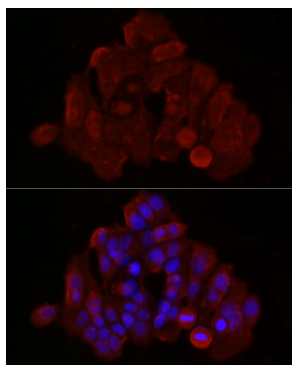


Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

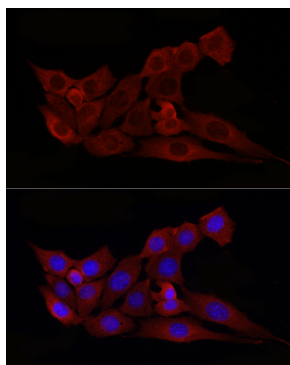


Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

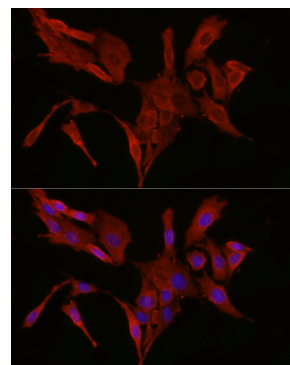
Validation Data



Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF7 cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of PC-12 cells using [KO Validated] Bax Rabbit pAb (A0207) at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.