

DFFA Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A12431

Basic Information

Observed MW

35kDa/45kDa

Calculated MW

37kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

ELISA, WB

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse

Background

Apoptosis is a cell death process that removes toxic and/or useless cells during mammalian development. The apoptotic process is accompanied by shrinkage and fragmentation of the cells and nuclei and degradation of the chromosomal DNA into nucleosomal units. DNA fragmentation factor (DFF) is a heterodimeric protein of 40-kD (DFFB) and 45-kD (DFFA) subunits. DFFA is the substrate for caspase-3 and triggers DNA fragmentation during apoptosis. DFF becomes activated when DFFA is cleaved by caspase-3. The cleaved fragments of DFFA dissociate from DFFB, the active component of DFF. DFFB has been found to trigger both DNA fragmentation and chromatin condensation during apoptosis. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

1676

Swiss Prot

O00273

Immunogen

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-331 of human DFFA (NP_004392.1).

Synonyms

DFF1; ICAD; DFF-45; DFFA

Contact

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Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

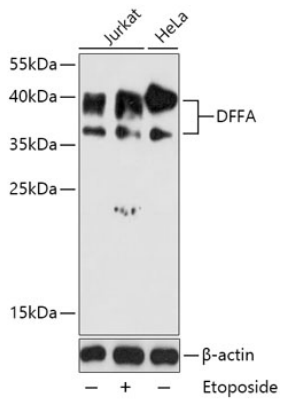
Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of various lysates using DFFA Rabbit pAb (A12431) at 1:1000 dilution. Jurkat cells were treated by Etoposide (25 uM) at 37°C for 5 hours.

Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 90s.