Leader in Biomolecular Solutions for Life Science

ASIP Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A13280



Basic Information

Observed MW

Calculated MW 15kDa

Category Primary antibody

Applications ELISA,IF/ICC

Cross-Reactivity Human, Mouse

Background

In mice, the agouti gene encodes a paracrine signaling molecule that causes hair follicle melanocytes to synthesize pheomelanin, a yellow pigment, instead of the black or brown pigment, eumelanin. Pleiotropic effects of constitutive expression of the mouse gene include adult-onset obesity, increased tumor susceptibility, and premature infertility. This gene is highly similar to the mouse gene and encodes a secreted protein that may (1) affect the quality of hair pigmentation, (2) act as a pharmacological antagonist of alpha-melanocyte-stimulating hormone, (3) play a role in neuroendocrine aspects of melanocortin action, and (4) have a functional role in regulating lipid metabolism in adipocytes.

Recommended Dilutions

1:50 - 1:200

Immunogen Information

IF/ICC

Gene ID 434

Swiss Prot P42127

Immunogen

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 23-132 of human ASIP (NP_001663.2).

Synonyms

ASP; AGSW; AGTI; AGTIL; SHEP9; ASIP

Contact	
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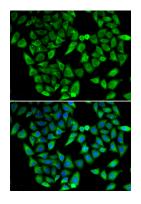
a 400-999-6126 x cn.market@abclonal.com.cn y www.abclonal.com.cn

Product Information

Source Rabbit **Isotype** IgG Purification Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using ASIP Rabbit pAb (A13280). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.