

Pan Acetyl-Lysine Mouse mAb

Catalog No.: A1525

2 Publications

Basic Information

Observed MW

Calculated MW

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat, Other (Wide Range Predicted)

CloneNo number

AMC0491

Background

Acetylation of lysine, like phosphorylation of serine, threonine or tyrosine, is an important reversible modification controlling protein activity. The conserved amino-terminal domains of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) contain lysines that are acetylated by histone acetyltransferases (HATs) and deacetylated by histone deacetylases (HDACs) (PMID: 9667866). Signaling resulting in acetylation/deacetylation of histones, transcription factors, and other proteins affects a diverse array of cellular processes including chromatin structure and gene activity, cell growth, differentiation, and apoptosis (PMID: 14593721). Recent proteomic surveys suggest that acetylation of lysine residues may be a widespread and important form of post-translational protein modification that affects thousands of proteins involved in control of cell cycle and metabolism, longevity, actin polymerization, and nuclear transport (PMID: 19608861). The regulation of protein acetylation status is impaired in cancer and polyglutamine diseases (PMID: 11864588), and HDACs have become promising targets for anti-cancer drugs currently in development (PMID: 15032670).

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:1000**ELISA** Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

Swiss Prot

Immunogen

Recombinant protein (or fragment). This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

Contact

 | 400-999-6126 | cn.market@abclonal.com.cn | www.abclonal.com.cn

Product Information

Source

Mouse

Isotype

IgG1

Purification

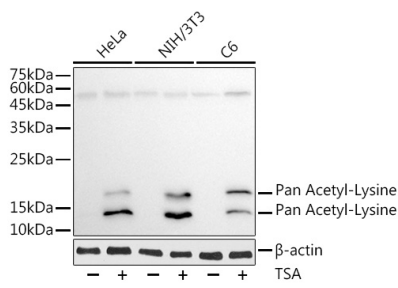
Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS containing 50% glycerol, preserved with proclin300 or sodium azide (as specified on the Certificate of Analysis), pH 7.3.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of various lysates using Pan Acetyl-Lysine Mouse mAb (A1525) at 1:1000 dilution. HeLa/NIH/3T3 and C6 cells were treated with TSA (1 uM) at 37°C for 18 hours. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) (AS003) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 30s.