

Lactic acid-Histone H4-K16 Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A18828

Basic Information

Observed MW

Refer to figures

Calculated MW

11kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

ELISA, WB

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat, Other (Wide Range Predicted)

Background

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. This structure consists of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a nucleosome, an octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H4 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in a histone cluster on chromosome 1. This gene is one of four histone genes in the cluster that are duplicated; this record represents the centromeric copy.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

8359

Swiss Prot

P62805

Immunogen

A synthetic lactylated peptide around K16 of human Histone H4 (NP_003539.1).

Synonyms

H4; H4/n; H4C1; H4C2; H4C3; H4C4; H4C5; H4C6; H4C8; H4C9; H4F2; H4FN; FO108; H4-16; H4C11; H4C12; H4C13; H4C15; H4C16; HIST2H4; HIST2H4A; Lactic acid-Histone H4-K16

Contact

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Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thimerosal, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.