MRPS15 Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A20721



Basic Information

Observed MW

Refer to figures

Calculated MW

30kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB,ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human

Background

Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 28S subunit protein that belongs to the ribosomal protein S15P family. The encoded protein is more than two times the size of its E. coli counterpart, with the 12S rRNA binding sites conserved. Between human and mouse, the encoded protein is the least conserved among small subunit ribosomal proteins. Pseudogenes corresponding to this gene are found on chromosomes 15q and 19q.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

ELISA

Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL.
Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID Swiss Prot 64960 P82914

Immunogen

Recombinant protein (or fragment). This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

DC37; S15mt; RPMS15; MPR-S15; MRPS15

Contact

a		400-999-6126
\bowtie		cn.market@abclonal.com.cn
\odot	Ī	www.abclonal.com.cn

Product Information

SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.