TNF-α Rabbit mAb

Catalog No.: A22227 Recombinant 8 Publications



Basic Information

Observed MW

18 kDa/25 kDa

Calculated MW

26 kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB,IP,IF/ICC,ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human

CloneNo number

ARC52531

Background

This gene encodes a multifunctional proinflammatory cytokine that belongs to the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) superfamily. This cytokine is mainly secreted by macrophages. It can bind to, and thus functions through its receptors TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 and TNFRSF1B/TNFBR. This cytokine is involved in the regulation of a wide spectrum of biological processes including cell proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis, lipid metabolism, and coagulation. This cytokine has been implicated in a variety of diseases, including autoimmune diseases, insulin resistance, psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis ankylosing spondylitis, tuberculosis, autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease, and cancer. Mutations in this gene affect susceptibility to cerebral malaria, septic shock, and Alzheimer disease. Knockout studies in mice also suggested the neuroprotective function of this cytokine.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:10000 - 1:40000

IP 0.5μg-4μg antibody for 200μg-400μg extracts of

whole cells

IF/ICC 1:1000 - 1:3000

ELISA Recommended starting

concentration is 1 µg/mL.

Please optimize the
concentration based on
your specific assay
requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID7124

Swiss Prot
P01375

Immunogen

Recombinant protein (or fragment). This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

DIF; TNFA; TNFSF2; TNLG1F; TNF-alpha; TNF- α

Contact

6		400-999-6126
\bowtie		cn.market@abclonal.com.cn
\odot	ī	www.abclonal.com.cn

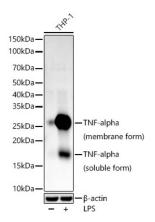
Product Information

SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.09% sodium azide, 0.05% BSA, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.



Western blot analysis of various lysates, using TNF- α Rabbit mAb (A22227) at1:34000 dilution. THP-1 cells were treated with LPS (1 μ g/ml) at 37°C for 8 hours.

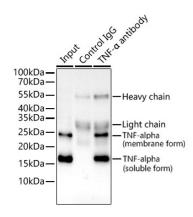
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

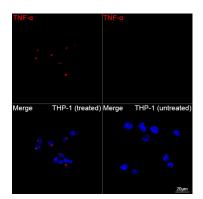
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 90s.



Immunoprecipitation of TNF- α from 300 µg extracts of THP-1 cells treated with IFN- γ (200 ng/mL, 24h) , LPS (50 ng/mL, 24h) and BFA (50 ng/mL, 21h) was performed using 1 µg of TNF- α Rabbit mAb (A22227). Rabbit Control IgG (AC005) was used to precipitate the Control IgG sample. IP samples were eluted with 1× Laemmli Buffer. The Input lane represents 10% of the total input. Western blot analysis of immunoprecipitates was conducted using TNF- α Rabbit mAb (A22227) at a dilution of 1 : 4000.



Confocal imaging of THP-1 cells (treated with TPA and LPS) and THP-1 cells (untreated) using TNF-α Rabbit mAb (A22227, dilution 1:3000) followed by a further incubation with Cy3-conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007, dilution 1:500) (Red). DAPI was used for nuclear staining (Blue). Objective: 100x.