

CD95/FAS Rabbit mAb

Catalog No.: A28027 **Recombinant**

Basic Information

Observed MW

38-55 kDa

Calculated MW

9-38 kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB, IF/ICC, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human

CloneNo number

ARC74903

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor contains a death domain. It has been shown to play a central role in the physiological regulation of programmed cell death, and has been implicated in the pathogenesis of various malignancies and diseases of the immune system. The interaction of this receptor with its ligand allows the formation of a death-inducing signaling complex that includes Fas-associated death domain protein (FADD), caspase 8, and caspase 10. The autoproteolytic processing of the caspases in the complex triggers a downstream caspase cascade, and leads to apoptosis. This receptor has been also shown to activate NF-kappaB, MAPK3/ERK1, and MAPK8/JNK, and is found to be involved in transducing the proliferating signals in normal diploid fibroblast and T cells. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described, some of which are candidates for nonsense-mediated mRNA decay (NMD). The isoforms lacking the transmembrane domain may negatively regulate the apoptosis mediated by the full length isoform.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:2500 - 1:5000**IF/ICC** 1:100 - 1:400

ELISA Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements. For high-ratio antibody dilutions (≥1:10000) a sequential dilution method is strongly recommended to ensure measurement accuracy.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

355

Swiss Prot

P25445

Immunogen

Recombinant protein (or fragment). This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

APT1; CD95; FAS1; APO-1; FASTM; ALPS1A; TNFRSF6

Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

Affinity purification

Storage

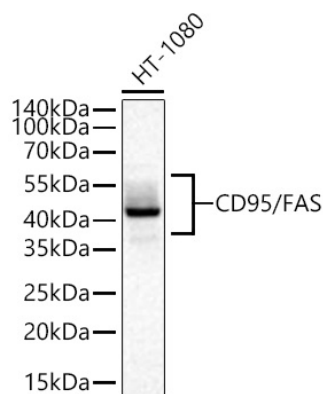
Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.09% Sodium azide, 0.05% BSA, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

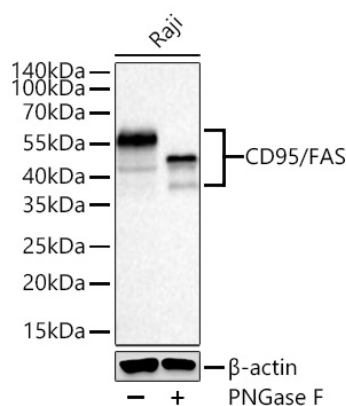
Contact

 | 400-999-6126 | cn.market@abclonal.com.cn | www.abclonal.com.cn

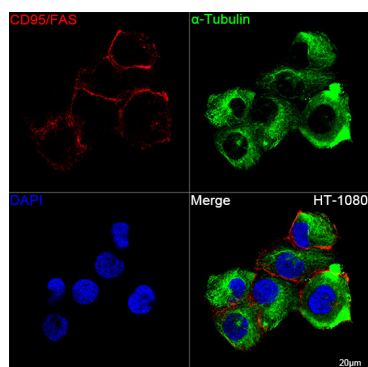
Validation Data



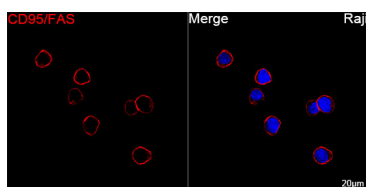
Western blot analysis of lysates from HT-1080 cells using CD95/FAS Rabbit mAb (A28027) at 1:5000 dilution incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25 µg per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 90 s.



Western blot analysis of lysates from Raji cells using CD95/FAS Rabbit mAb (A28027) at 1:5000 dilution incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. Raji cells were treated with PNGase F (6 U/µL) at 30°C for 30 minutes.
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 30 µg per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 90 s.



Confocal imaging of HT-1080 cells using CD95/FAS Rabbit mAb (A28027, dilution 1:200) followed by a further incubation with Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007, dilution 1:500) (Red). The cells were counterstained with α-Tubulin Mouse mAb (AC012, dilution 1:400) followed by incubation with ABflo® 488-conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Ab (AS076, dilution 1:500) (Green). DAPI was used for nuclear staining (Blue). Objective: 100x.



Confocal imaging of Raji cells using CD95/FAS Rabbit mAb (A28027, dilution 1:200) followed by a further incubation with Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007, dilution 1:500) (Red). DAPI was used for nuclear staining (Blue). Objective: 100x.