

# PPAR $\alpha$ Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A3123

11 Publications

## Basic Information

### Observed MW

Refer to figures

### Calculated MW

52kDa

### Category

Primary antibody

### Applications

ELISA,WB

### Cross-Reactivity

Mouse

## Background

Peroxisome proliferators include hypolipidemic drugs, herbicides, leukotriene antagonists, and plasticizers; this term arises because they induce an increase in the size and number of peroxisomes. Peroxisomes are subcellular organelles found in plants and animals that contain enzymes for respiration and for cholesterol and lipid metabolism. The action of peroxisome proliferators is thought to be mediated via specific receptors, called PPARs, which belong to the steroid hormone receptor superfamily. PPARs affect the expression of target genes involved in cell proliferation, cell differentiation and in immune and inflammation responses. Three closely related subtypes (alpha, beta/delta, and gamma) have been identified. This gene encodes the subtype PPAR-alpha, which is a nuclear transcription factor. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene, although the full-length nature of only two has been determined.

## Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:100 - 1:500

## Immunogen Information

### Gene ID

5465

### Swiss Prot

Q07869

### Immunogen

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-230 of human PPAR $\alpha$  (NP\_001001928.1).

### Synonyms

PPAR; NR1C1; hPPAR; PPARalpha; PPAR-alpha; PPAR $\alpha$ 

## Contact

 | 400-999-6126 | [cn.market@abclonal.com.cn](mailto:cn.market@abclonal.com.cn) | [www.abclonal.com.cn](http://www.abclonal.com.cn)

## Product Information

### Source

Rabbit

### Isotype

IgG

### Purification

Affinity purification

### Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.