

Acetyl-Histone H3-K14 Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A7254

34 Publications

Basic Information

Observed MW

17 kDa

Calculated MW

15 kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB, IF/ICC, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat, Other (Wide Range Predicted)

Background

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Nucleosomes consist of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a histone octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is located separately from the other H3 genes that are in the histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:1000

IF/ICC 1:50 - 1:200

ELISA Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

8290/8350

Swiss Prot

Q16695/P68431

Immunogen

Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

H3t; H3.4; H3/g; H3FT; H3C16; HIST3H3; Acetyl-Histone H3-K14

Contact

 | 400-999-6126 | cn.market@abclonal.com.cn | www.abclonal.com.cn

Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

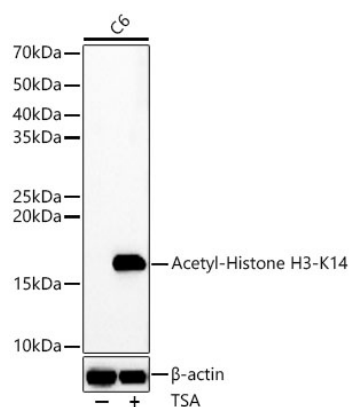
Affinity purification

Storage

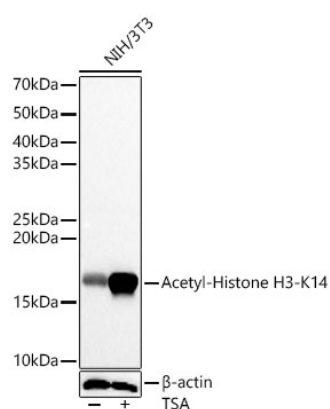
Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS containing 50% glycerol, preserved with proclin300 or sodium azide (as specified on the Certificate of Analysis), pH 7.3.

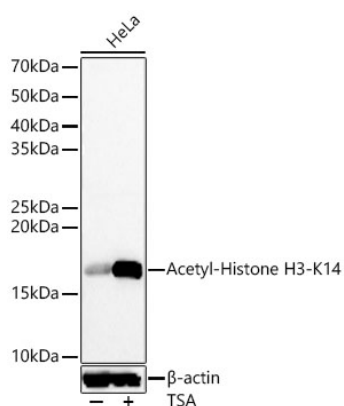
Validation Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from C6 cells using Acetyl-Histone H3-K14 Rabbit pAb (A7254) at 1:400 dilution. C6 cells were treated with TSA (1 μ M) at 37°C for 18 hours.
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25 μ g per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 30s.

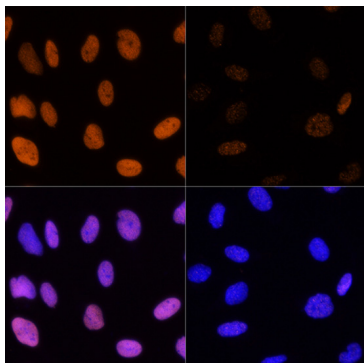


Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cells using Acetyl-Histone H3-K14 Rabbit pAb (A7254) at 1:400 dilution. NIH/3T3 cells were treated with TSA (1 μ M) at 37°C for 18 hours.
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25 μ g per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 30s.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells using Acetyl-Histone H3-K14 Rabbit pAb (A7254) at 1:400 dilution. HeLa cells were treated with TSA (1 μ M) at 37°C for 18 hours.
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25 μ g per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 30s.

Validation Data



Immunofluorescence analysis of U-2 OS cells using Acetyl-Histone H3-K14 Rabbit pAb (A7254) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). U-2 OS cells were treated with TSA (1 uM) at 37°C for 18 hours. Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.