# Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: AP0140 143 Publications



#### **Basic Information**

**Observed MW** 

60kDa

**Calculated MW** 

56kDa

Category

Primary antibody

**Applications** 

WB,IHC-P,ELISA

**Cross-Reactivity** 

Human, Mouse, Rat

# **Recommended Dilutions**

**WB** 1:500 - 1:1000

IHC-P 1:50 - 1:200

**ELISA** Recommended starting

concentration is 1 µg/mL.

Please optimize the
concentration based on
your specific assay
requirements.

# **Background**

This gene encodes one of the three members of the human AKT serine-threonine protein kinase family which are often referred to as protein kinase B alpha, beta, and gamma. These highly similar AKT proteins all have an N-terminal pleckstrin homology domain, a serine/threonine-specific kinase domain and a C-terminal regulatory domain. These proteins are phosphorylated by phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K). AKT/PI3K forms a key component of many signalling pathways that involve the binding of membrane-bound ligands such as receptor tyrosine kinases, G-protein coupled receptors, and integrin-linked kinase. These AKT proteins therefore regulate a wide variety of cellular functions including cell proliferation, survival, metabolism, and angiogenesis in both normal and malignant cells. AKT proteins are recruited to the cell membrane by phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3) after phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) by PI3K. Subsequent phosphorylation of both threonine residue 308 and serine residue 473 is required for full activation of the AKT1 protein encoded by this gene. Phosphorylation of additional residues also occurs, for example, in response to insulin growth factor-1 and epidermal growth factor. Protein phosphatases act as negative regulators of AKT proteins by dephosphorylating AKT or PIP3. The PI3K/AKT signalling pathway is crucial for tumor cell survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating AKT1 which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. AKT proteins also participate in the mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) signalling pathway which controls the assembly of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4F (eIF4E) complex and this pathway, in addition to responding to extracellular signals from growth factors and cytokines, is disregulated in many cancers. Mutations in this gene are associated with multiple types of cancer and excessive tissue growth including Proteus syndrome and Cowden syndrome 6, and breast, colorectal, and ovarian cancers. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

### **Immunogen Information**

Gene ID Swiss Prot

#### **Immunogen**

 $\label{thm:considered} \mbox{Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.}$ 

#### **Synonyms**

AKT; PKB; RAC; PRKBA; PKB-ALPHA; RAC-ALPHA; Phospho-AKT1-S473

## **Contact**

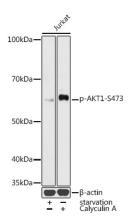
<b>a</b>	400-999-6126
<b>×</b>	cn.market@abclonal.com.cn
$\overline{\Box}$	www abclonal com cn

#### **Product Information**

SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.09% Sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.



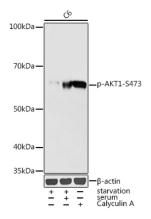
Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurka cells, using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb (AP0140) at 1:1000 dilution. Jurkat cells were treated with Serum-starvation overnight at 37°C. Jurkat cells were treated with Calyculin A (100 nM) at 37°C for 30 minutes after serum-starvation overnight. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 1s.



Western blot analysis of lysates from C6 cells, using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb (AP0140) at 1:1000 dilution. C6 cells were treated with Serum-starvation overnight at  $37^{\circ}$ C. C6 cells were treated with Calyculin A (100 nM) at  $37^{\circ}$ C for 30 minutes after serum-starvation overnight.

Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Enhanced Kit (RM00021).

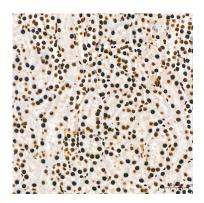
Exposure time: 10s.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Rat kidney tissue using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb (AP0140) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate Buffer(pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Mouse liver tissue using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb (AP0140) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate Buffer(pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

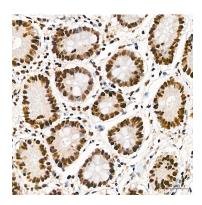


Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Mouse kidney tissue using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb (AP0140) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate Buffer(pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

# **Validation Data**



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Rat liver tissue using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb (AP0140) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate Buffer(pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Human colon tissue using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb (AP0140) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate Buffer(pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Human colon carcinoma tissue using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb (AP0140) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate Buffer(pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Human spleen tissue using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit pAb (AP0140) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate Buffer(pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.