Recombinant Human IGF-I Protein

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Catalog No.: RP01875 Recombinant

Sequence Information

Species Gene ID Swiss Prot Human 3479 P05019-1

Tags

NO-tag

Synonyms

Insulin-like growth factor I; IGF-I; Mechano growth factor; MGF; Somatomedin-C[IGF1; IBP1

Product Information

Source *E. coli*

Purification

Calculated MW Observed MW

7.59 kDa

10-15 kDa

Endotoxin

< 0.1 EU/ μ g of the protein by LAL method.

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.22 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Reconstitution

Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water. Avoid vortex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is recommended to add a carrier protein or stablizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

Contact

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Background

IGF I, also known as Mechano Growth Factor, somatomedin-C, IGF-I, and IGF1, is a secreted protein that belongs to the insulin family. The insulin family, comprised of insulin, relaxin, insulin-like growth factors I and II (IGF-I and IGF-II), and possibly the beta-subunit of 7S nerve growth factor, represents a group of structurally related polypeptides whose biological functions have diverged. The IGFs, or somatomedins, constitute a class of polypeptides that have a key role in pre-adolescent mammalian growth. IGF-I expression is regulated by GH and mediates postnatal growth, while IGF-II appears to be induced by placental lactogen during prenatal development. IGF1 / IGF-I may be a physiological regulator of [1-14C]-2-deoxy-D-glucose (2DG) transport and glycogen synthesis in osteoblasts. IGF1 / IGF-I stimulates glucose transport in rat bone-derived osteoblastic (PyMS) cells and is effective at much lower concentrations than insulin, not only regarding glycogen and DNA synthesis but also about enhancing glucose uptake. Defects in IGF1 / IGF-I are the cause of insulin-like growth factor I deficiency (IGF1 deficiency) which is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by growth retardation, sensorineural deafness, and mental retardation.

Basic Information

Description

Recombinant Human IGF-I Protein is produced by *E. coli* expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Gly49-Ala118) of Human IGF1 (Accession #NP 001104755.1) fused with no tag.

Bio-Activity

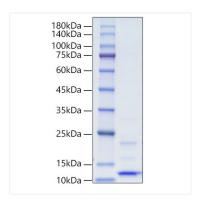
Storage

Store at -20° C. Store the lyophilized protein at -20° C to -80° C up to 1 year from the date of receipt.

After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20 $^{\circ}$ C for 3 months, at 2-8 $^{\circ}$ C for up to 1 week.

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Validation Data



Recombinant Human IGF-I Protein was determined by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Blue, showing a band at 10-15 kDa.