

# Recombinant Rat Thrombopoietin /THPO / TPO Protein

Catalog No.: RP01901 **Recombinant**

## Sequence Information

Species	Gene ID	Swiss Prot
Rat	81811	P49745

### Tags

C-His

### Synonyms

Megakaryocyte colony-stimulating factor; Megakaryocyte growth and development factor; megakaryocyte stimulating factor; MGDF; MGDFC-mpl ligand; MKCSF; MK-CSF; ML; MPL ligand; MPLL; MPLLMGC163194; Myeloproliferative leukemia virus oncogene ligand; THCYT1; THPO; thrombopoietin nirs variant 1; Thrombopoietin; Tpo; TPOMKCSF

## Product Information

Source	Purification
HEK293 cells	

Calculated MW	Observed MW
33.10 kDa	50-70 kDa

### Endotoxin

<0.01EU/μg of the protein by LAL method.

### Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.22 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

### Reconstitution

Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water. Avoid vortex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is recommended to add a carrier protein or stabilizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

## Background

Thrombopoietin (Tpo), is a key regulator of megakaryocytopoiesis and thrombopoiesis. It is principally produced in the liver and is bound and internalized by the receptor Tpo R/cmpl. Defects in the Tpo/Tpo R signaling pathway are associated with a variety of platelet disorders. Mature rat Tpo shares 68% and 81% aa sequence homology with human and mouse Tpo, respectively. It is an 80/85 kDa protein that consists of an N-terminal domain with homology to Erythropoietin (Epo) and a C-terminal domain that contains multiple N-linked and O-linked glycosylation sites. Tpo promotes the differentiation, proliferation, and maturation of megakaryocytes (MK) and their progenitors. Several other cytokines can also promote these functions but only in cooperation with Tpo. Notably, IL-3 independently induces MK development, although its effects are restricted to early in the MK lineage. Tpo additionally promotes platelet production, aggregation, ECM adhesion, and activation. These actions, in combination with direct effects on cardiomyocytes, can aid in the recovery of heart function following myocardial infarction. Tpo is cleaved by platelet-derived thrombin following Arg191 within the C-terminal domain and subsequently at other sites upon extended digestion. The C-terminal domain is not required for binding to Tpo R or inducing MK growth and differentiation. Aside from its hematopoietic effects, Tpo is expressed in the brain where it promotes the apoptosis of hypoxia-sensitized neurons and inhibits neuronal differentiation by blocking NGF-induced signaling.

## Basic Information

### Description

Recombinant Rat THPO / TPO / Thrombopoietin Protein is produced by HEK293 cells expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Ser22-Ser326) of Rat THPO / TPO / Thrombopoietin (Accession #NP\_112395.1) fused with a His tag at the C-terminus.

### Bio-Activity

Measured in a cell proliferation assay using M07e human megakaryocytic leukemic cells. The ED50 for this effect is 0.26-1.02 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity of  $9.8 \times 10^5 \sim 3.8 \times 10^6$  units/mg.

### Storage

Store at -20°C. Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80 °C up to 1 year from the date of receipt. After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

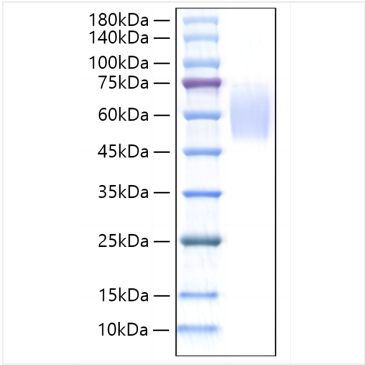
## Contact

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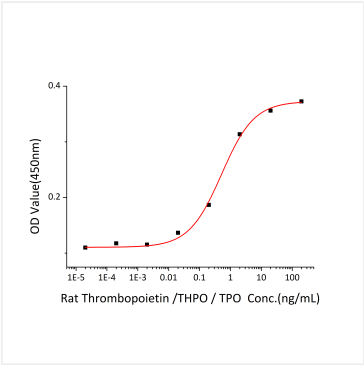
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Validation Data



Recombinant Rat Thrombopoietin /THPO / TPO Protein was determined by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Blue, showing a band at 50-75 KD.



Recombinant Rat Thrombopoietin /THPO / TPO Protein promote the proliferation of M07e human megakaryocytic leukemic cells. The ED50 for this effect is 0.26-1.02 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity of  $9.8\times10^5\sim3.8\times10^6$  units/mg.